## **C.U.SHAH UNIVERSITY**

## Winter Examination-2018

**Subject Name: Fundamental of Electrical Engineering** 

**Subject Code: 4TE01FEE1 Branch: B.Tech (All)** 

Semester: 1 Date: 30/11/2018 Time: 02:30 To 05:30 Marks: 70

**Instructions:** 

- (1) Use of Programmable calculator & any other electronic instrument is prohibited.
- (2) Instructions written on main answer book are strictly to be obeyed.
- (3) Draw neat diagrams and figures (if necessary) at right places.
- (4) Assume suitable data if needed.

Q-1	Attempt the following	questions:
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(14)

- Unit of charge is \_\_\_\_\_ 1)
  - A) Ampere
- B) Coulomb
- C) Joule
- D) Volt
- Resistance of metalic conductor is proportional to its length. 2)
  - A) True
- B) False
- 3) Unit of resistivity is\_\_\_\_\_
  - A) Weber
- B) Ohm
- C) Ohm-metre D) Ohm/metre
- The unit of permeability is \_\_\_\_\_. 4)
  - A) Henry/Metre
- B) Weber
- C) Henry
- D) Metre/ Henry
- 5) If the distance between the plate of capacitor incerases, its capacitance\_\_\_\_
  - A) Increases
- B) Remains constant
- C) Decreases D) None of the above
- Which one of the below is not a valid formula? 6)

A) 
$$V = \frac{Q}{C}$$

- A)  $V = \frac{Q}{C}$  B)  $C = \frac{Q}{V}$  C) Q = CV D)  $C = \frac{V}{Q}$
- 7) The average value of a sine wave over a full cycle is \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A) 0.707
- B) 0
- C) 0.636
- D) 0.318
- 8) The ratio of rms. value to average value is called peak factor.
  - A) True
- B) False
- If  $e_1 = A \sin \omega t$  and  $e_2 = B \sin(\omega t + \phi)$ , then 9)

A)  $e_1$  leads  $e_2$  by  $\phi$  B)  $e_2$  lags  $e_1$  by  $\phi$  C)  $e_2$  leads  $e_1$  by  $\phi$  D)  $e_1$  is in phase with  $e_2$ 



	10)	In a purely inductive circuit, voltage across inductor leads the current by			
		A) $45^{\circ}$ B) $180^{\circ}$ C) $90^{\circ}$ D) $30^{\circ}$			
	11)	The average power consumed by a purely capacitve circuit is zero.			
		A) True B) False			
	12)	In a balanced 3-phase star connected system, the equation for three phase power is			
		given by			
		A) $V_{ph}I_{ph}\cos\phi$ B) $2V_{ph}I_{ph}\cos\phi$ C) $3V_{ph}I_{ph}\cos\phi$ D) $\sqrt{3}V_{ph}I_{ph}\cos\phi$			
	13)	A transformer is aequipment.			
		A) Rotating B) Static C) Both rotating and static D) None of the above			
	14)	For a step down transformer, transformation ratio K is			
		A) $>1$ B) $=1$ C) $=0$ D) $<1$			
	pt any	four questions from Q-2 to Q-8			
Q-2	(a)	Attempt all questions  Derive an expression of equivalent resistance for 'n' number of resistances	(14) 07		
		connected in series. Give the advantages of series connection.			
	<b>(b)</b>	Explain the effect of temperature on the resistance of the following.	07		
		i) Pure metals ii) Semiconductors			
		iii) Electrolytes iv) Insulators			
O-3		Attempt all questions	(14)		
•	( )		07		
	(a)	State Faraday's first law and second law electromagnetic induction. Derive the			
		equation of induced emf $e = N \frac{d\phi}{dt}$ . Where N= Number of turns in a coil, $\phi$ = flux in			
		the coil.			
	<b>(b)</b>	Give any seven comparisons between magnetic circuit and electrical circuit.	07		
Q-4		Attempt all questions	(14)		
	(a)	Define capacitance. Derive an expression of total capacitance for $n$ number of	07		
		capacitors when connected in parallel.			
	<b>(L)</b>	Derive the expression for the energy $E = \frac{1}{2}CV^2$ stored in a charged capacitor.	07		
	<b>(b)</b>				
		where C is the capacitance and V is the voltage across the capacitor.			



Q-5		Attempt all questions	(14)
	(a)	Obtain an expression for the equivalent star network resistance for a given delta	elta <b>07</b>
		network.	
	<b>(b)</b>	State and explain Ohm's law. Give its limitations.	07
Q-6 (a)	Attempt all questions  Explain the following terms with diagrams for sinusoidal AC quantities.	(14) 07	
	( )	i) In-phase ii) Lagging iii) Leading	
	<b>(b)</b>	An alternating e.m.f. is represented by e=200sin314t volt. Determine	07
		i) Maximum value ii) Frequency in Hertz iii) Time Period iv) Angular Frequency	
Q-7	(a)	Attempt all questions  Explain the two wattmeter method for the measurement of power for a balanced	(14) 07
		three phase circuit.	
	<b>(b)</b>	Derive the relationship between the voltage and current for purely resistive AC	07
		circuit. Draw the waveforms and phasor diagram for voltage and current.	
Q-8 (a) (b)	(a)	Attempt all questions  Derive the emf equation $e = 4.44 fN \phi_m$ for a single phase transformer Where f=	(14) 07
		frequency of supply, N= number of turns either primary or secondary side, $\phi_m$ =	
		maximum flux in the core.	
	<b>(b)</b>	A single phase transformer has 400 primary turns 1000 secondary turns. The net	07
		cross-sectional area of the core is 60 cm <sup>2</sup> . If the primary winding to be connected to	
		a 50 Hz supply at 520 V (rms), Calculate,	
		i) Peak value of the flux density in the core	
		ii) Voltage induced in the secondary winding.	

